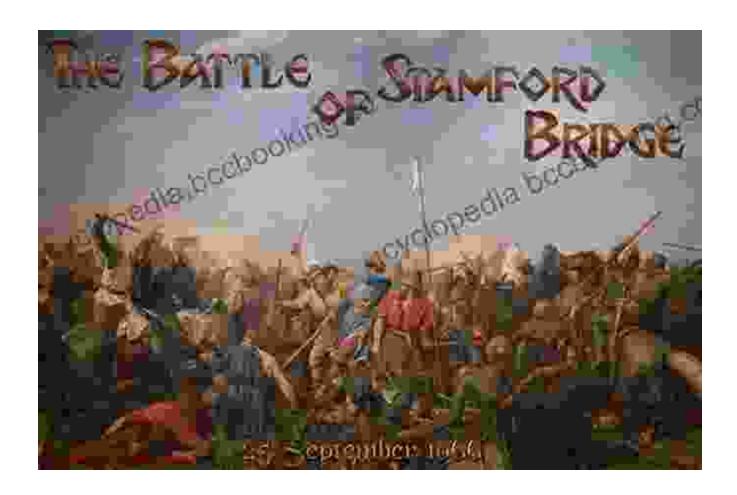
# The Norman Invasion: A Short History of the Battle of Stamford Bridge



The Norman Invasion of 1066 was a pivotal moment in English history. It marked the end of Anglo-Saxon rule and the beginning of Norman rule. The invasion was led by William, Duke of Normandy, who claimed the English throne after the death of Edward the Confessor.

Edward the Confessor died childless in 1066, and the English throne was contested by several claimants. One of these claimants was Harold Godwinson, the Earl of Wessex. Harold was elected king by the Witan, the council of Anglo-Saxon nobles. However, William of Normandy also claimed the throne, and he invaded England in September 1066.



Medieval Ghost & Folklore: (1066: A Short History of the Norman Invasion) Battle of Stamford Bridge, Battle of Hastings, Ghosts, viking, anglo saxon, norman kings. (Ghosts, Legends, Myths Book 3) by Alex Devaney

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Harold Godwinson met William's invasion force at the Battle of Hastings on October 14, 1066. The English army was defeated, and Harold was killed. William was crowned King of England on Christmas Day 1066.

After Stamford Bridge, Harold and his army marched south to meet William's invasion force. The two armies met at the Battle of Hastings on October 14, 1066. The English army was defeated, and Harold was killed. William was crowned King of England on Christmas Day 1066.

#### The Battle of Stamford Bridge

The Battle of Stamford Bridge was fought on September 25, 1066, between the English army led by Harold Godwinson and the Norwegian army led by Harald Hardrada. The battle took place at Stamford Bridge, near York. The Norwegian army had invaded England earlier in the year, and they had defeated the English army at the Battle of Fulford. After their victory at Fulford, the Norwegians marched on York. Harold Godwinson gathered an army and marched north to meet the Norwegians.

The two armies met at Stamford Bridge on September 25. The English army was larger than the Norwegian army, but the Norwegians were better equipped and had more experienced leaders. The battle was fought on a narrow bridge over the River Derwent. The English army was unable to cross the bridge, and the Norwegians were able to hold them off.

However, the English army was able to flank the Norwegians, and they attacked from both sides. The Norwegians were outnumbered and outmaneuvered, and they were eventually defeated. Harald Hardrada was killed in the battle, and the Norwegian army was routed.

#### **Significance of Stamford Bridge**

The Battle of Stamford Bridge was a significant victory for the English army. It prevented the Norwegians from conquering England, and it boosted the morale of the English army. The victory at Stamford Bridge also gave Harold Godwinson time to prepare for William's invasion.

However, the victory at Stamford Bridge came at a cost. The English army lost many men in the battle, and they were weakened by the time they met William's invasion force at Hastings. The Norman Invasion was successful, and it marked the beginning of a new era in English history.

The Battle of Stamford Bridge was a pivotal moment in the Norman Invasion. It was a victory for the English army, but it also came at a cost.

The English army was weakened by the battle, and they were unable to defeat William's invasion force at Hastings. The Norman Invasion was successful, and it marked the beginning of a new era in English history.

## **Further Reading**

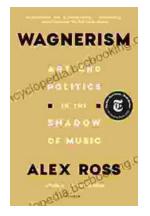
\* Battle of Stamford Bridge - Wikipedia \* The Norman Invasion - History.com \* The Battle of Hastings - BBC History



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